

American Psychological Association

The APA provides writers with a system for referencing information sources. Writers use a standard set of conventions to properly document the oral, written, and electronic works of others. If credit is not given to an author or organization, plagiarism may be suspected.

Subject use → business, geography, health science, math, psychology, science, and technology

A. In-Text Citing

An in-text citation is a reference that appears adjacent to a quote or paraphrased statement in a research report.

According to Sharon Johnston, . . . signal phrase (Johnston, 2001) parenthetical citation

If you are quoting from a work, include the author, year of publication, and page number. If you are paraphrasing an idea from a work, you only need to reference the author and year of publication.

Prior to 1999, West Nile virus was isolated in the Middle East (Thomas, 2004, p. 60).

— author's last name, year of publication, and page number

For direct quotes from works that do not have page numbers, include a chapter, section, paragraph number, or table.

Research studies (Johnston, 2001) revealed that the incidence of encephalitis varied across the region (Table 3). ← two parenthetical citations

If the work does not have an author and it was released by an organization, mention the name of the organization in the signal phrase or parenthetical citation.

According to the World Health Organization (2021), 1 in 10 patients will get an infection while receiving care in a medical facility.

If you are quoting text generated by an Al application, include the prompt that you used 'and' the response.

When prompted with "how do you stop the spread of COVID-19?" ChatGPT generated "stay home when you're sick" (OpenAI, 2023).

B. Inserting Graphics

Any type of graphic, other than a table, should be identified as a Figure in a report. Figures include charts, diagrams, drawings, graphs, images, and photographs. Graphics should be placed as close as possible to the parts of the text to which they relate. Above the graphic, include a figure number and title or caption. Below the graphic, include source information. If you provide a source with your graphic, you do not need to provide it on your References page.



Figure 1. Wash your hands to reduce the spread of COVID-19 $\,$

C. References

A list of sources that appears at the end of a research report or slideshow. It provides the information necessary for a reader to locate and retrieve any source cited in the body of the report. References should be listed alphabetically (by author's last name), double spaced, and the second and subsequent lines of each reference should be indented. An online citation tool (e.g. Scribbr) may be used to generate entries.

